

**WINSTAR Display**

**OLED SPECIFICATION**

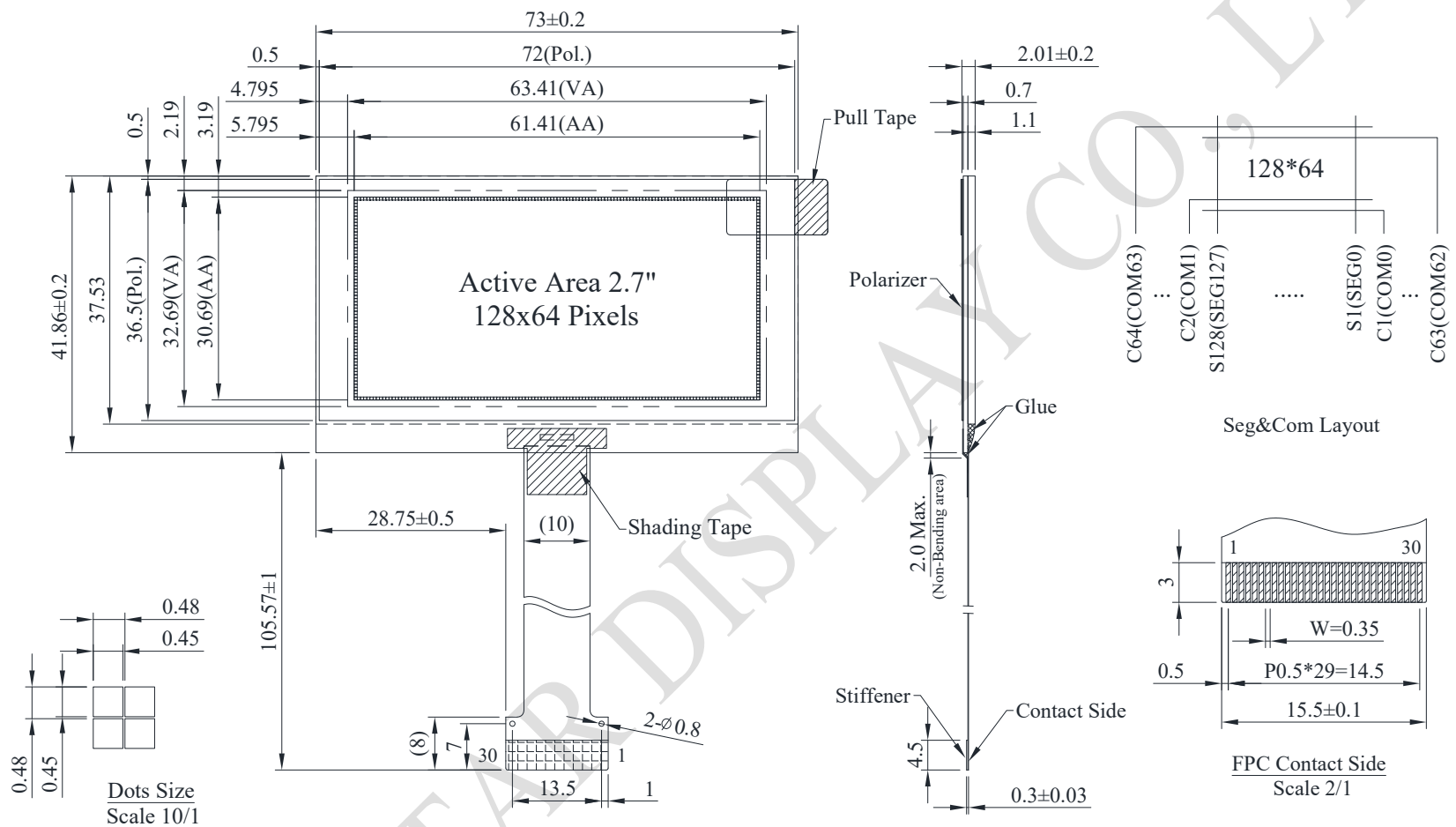
Model No:

**WEO012864AK**

## General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	128 x 64	—
Module dimension	73.0 × 41.86 × 2.01	mm
Active Area	61.41 × 30.69	mm
Pixel Size	0.45 × 0.45	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.48 × 0.48	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	Monochrome	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	CH1116	
Interface	I2C, 4-Wire SPI ,6800, 8080	
Size	2.7 inch	

# Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



PIN	SYMBOL
1	NC(VSS)
2	VPP
3	VCOMH
4	IREF
5	D7
6	D6
7	D5
8	D4
9	D3
10	D2
11	D1
12	D0
13	E/RD
14	WR
15	A0
16	RES
17	CS
18	NC
19	IM2
20	IM1
21	VDD1
22	NC
23	NC
24	NC
25	NC
26	NC
27	NC
28	NC
29	VSS
30	NC(VSS)

The non-specified tolerance of dimension is ±0.3 mm .

## Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC(VSS)	No connection
2	VPP	OLED panel power supply. Generated by internal charge pump. Connect to capacitor. It could be supplied externally.
3	VCOMH	This is a pad for the voltage output high level for common signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pad and VSS.
4	IREF	This is a segment current reference pad. A resistor should be connected between this pad and VSS. Set the current at 18.75uA.
5~12	D7~D0	This is an 8-bit bi-directional data bus that connects to an 8-bit or 16-bit standard MPU data bus. When the serial interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input pad (SCL) and D1 serves as the serial data input pad (SI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high impedance. When the I2C interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input pad (SCL) and D1 serves as the serial data input pad (SDAI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high impedance.
13	E/ $\overline{RD}$	This is a MPU interface input pad. When connected to an 8080 series MPU, it is active LOW. This pad is connected to the $\overline{RD}$ signal of the 8080 series MPU, and the data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L". When connected to a 6800 series MPU, this is active HIGH. This is used as an enable clock input of the 6800 series MPU. When $\overline{RD}$ = "H": Enable. When $\overline{RD}$ = "L": Disable.
14	$\overline{WR}$ (R/ $\overline{W}$ )	This is a MPU interface input pad. When connected to an 8080 MPU, this is active LOW. This pad connects to the 8080 MPU $\overline{WR}$ signal. The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the $\overline{WR}$ signal. When connected to a 6800 Series MPU: This is the read/write control signal input terminal. When R/ $\overline{W}$ = "H": Read. When R/ $\overline{W}$ = "L": Write.
15	A0	This is the Data/Command control pad that determines whether the data bits are data or a command. A0 = "H": the inputs at D0 to D7 are treated as display data. A0 = "L": the inputs at D0 to D7 are transferred to the command registers. In I2C interface, this pad serves as SA0 to distinguish the different address of OLED driver.

<b>16</b>	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	This is a reset signal input pad. When $\overline{\text{RES}}$ is set to "L", the settings are initialized. The reset operation is performed by the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ signal level.				
<b>17</b>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$	This pad is the chip select input. When $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{"L"}$ , then the chip select becomes active, and data/command I/O is enabled.				
<b>18</b>	NC	No connection				
<b>19</b>	IM2	These are the MPU interface mode select pads.				
			8080	I2C	6800	4-wire SPI
		IM1	1	1	0	0
<b>20</b>	IM1	IM2	1	0	1	0
		Note (1) 0 is connected to VSS (2) 1 is connected to VDD1				
<b>21</b>	VDD1	Power supply input				
<b>22~28</b>	NC	No connection				
<b>29</b>	VSS	Ground.				
<b>30</b>	NC(VSS)	No connection				

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD1	-0.3	3.6	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VPP	0	14.5	V
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C

## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD1	—	1.65	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VPP	—	6.4	13.0	13.5	V
High Level Input	VIH	—	$0.8 \times VDD1$	—	VDD1	V
Low Level Input	VIL	—	VSS	—	$0.2 \times VDD1$	V
High Level Output	VOH	—	$0.8 \times VDD1$	—	VDD1	V
Low Level Output	VOL	—	VSS	—	$0.2 \times VDD1$	V
Display 50% Pixel on	IPP	VPP = 13V	—	15	30	mA