

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Buck and Boost Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output



Applications

- Transportation applications
- Industrial applications
- Telecommunications equipment

Description

The JRCS016 is a versatile non-isolated module capable of delivering output voltages that can be below, equal to or above the input voltage (buck and boost functionality). Over an input voltage range of 18 to 85V, these modules can provide an output voltage that can be set between 18.5V and 60V and output power up to 400W. A variable output current limit that automatically limits the output current depending on the desired output voltage safely limits the output power that can be delivered by the module. Threaded-through holes are provided to allow easy mounting or addition of a heatsink for high-temperature applications. Other features include remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, over current, and over temperature protection. The modules also have a digital (PMBus™) interface with a rich set of supported commands

Features

- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2002/95/EC (-Z versions)
- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2002/95/EC with lead solder exemption (non-Z versions)
- Compliant to IPC-9592 (September 2008), Category 2, Class II
- Wide variable input voltage range (18-85Vdc)
- Programmable output voltage range (18.5-60Vdc)
- Remote sense
- Positive logic remote On/Off
- Output over current protection (non-latching)
- Over temperature protection
- Monotonic startup under pre-bias conditions
- Industry standard half-brick size
57.7 x 60.7 x 12.95 mm (2.27 in. x 2.39 in. x 0.51 in.)
- Wide operating temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)
- Digital (PMBus) Interface
- *UL** 60950-1 2nd Ed. Recognized, *CSA*† C22.2 No. 60950-1-07 Certified, and *VDE*‡ (EN60950-1 2nd Ed.) Licensed
- *ISO*** 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities

* *UL* is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

† *CSA* is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.

‡ *VDE* is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.

** *ISO* is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage					
Continuous	All	V_{IN}	-0.3	85	Vdc
Transient, for up to 100ms	All		-0.3	100	Vdc
Operating Ambient Temperature (see Thermal Considerations section)	All	T_A	-40	85	°C
Storage Temperature	All	T_{stg}	-55	125	°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V_{IN}	18	—	85	Vdc
Maximum Input Current ($V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$, $I_o = I_{o, max}$)	All	$I_{IN, max}$			26.0	Adc
Input No Load Current ($V_{IN} = V_{IN, nom}$, $I_o = 0$, module enabled)	$V_{o, set} = 18.5Vdc$ $V_{o, set} = 60 Vdc$	$I_{IN, No load}$ $I_{IN, No load}$		70 70		mA mA
Input Stand-by Current ($V_{IN} = V_{IN, nom}$, module disabled)	All	$I_{IN, stand-by}$		27		mA
Inrush Transient	All	I^2t			0.5	A ² s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak (5Hz to 20MHz, 1μH source impedance; $V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$, $I_o = I_{o, max}$; See Test configuration section)	All				700	mAp-p
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All		10			dB

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Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$, $I_O=I_{O, max}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$)	All	$V_{O, set}$	-1.5	—	+1.5	% $V_{O, set}$
Output Voltage (Overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life)	All	$V_{O, set}$	-3	—	+3	% $V_{O, set}$
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		V_O	18.5		60	Vdc
Output Regulation Line ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$) Load ($I_O=I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$) Temperature ($T_{ref}=T_{A, min}$ to $T_{A, max}$)	All All All		— — —		1 0.4 1	% $V_{O, set}$ % $V_{O, set}$ % $V_{O, set}$
Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}$ and $I_O=I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$ Cout = 340 μF Polymer aluminum) RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All All		— —		1 2	% $V_{O, set}$ % $V_{O, set}$
External Capacitance ESR $\geq 1 \text{ m}\Omega$ (with minimum of 30 μF of ceramic capacitors) ESR $\geq 10 \text{ m}\Omega$ ((with minimum of 30 μF of ceramic capacitors)	All All	$C_{O, max}$ $C_{O, max}$	330 330	— —	3000 3000	μF μF
Output Current ($V_O=18.5\text{V}$) ($V_O=24\text{V}$) ($V_O=48\text{V}$) ($V_O=60\text{V}$)	All All All All	I_O I_O I_O I_O	0 0 0 0		16.7A 16.7A 8.33A 6.67A	Adc Adc Adc Adc
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode) ($V_O= 90\%$ of $V_{O, set}$)	All	$I_{O, lim}$	—	110	—	% I_O
Output Short-Circuit Current ($V_O \leq 250\text{mV}$) (Hiccup Mode)	All	$I_{O, s/c}$	—	2.0	—	Arms
Efficiency, $V_{IN}= 74\text{V}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_O=I_{O, max}$, $V_O= V_{O, set}$ $V_{O, set} = 52\text{Vdc}$	All	η	95			%
Switching Frequency	All	f_{sw}	—	220	—	kHz

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General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF ($I_o=I_{o,max}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$)		19,173,816		Hours
Weight	—	112 (3.95)	—	g (oz.)

Feature Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
On/Off Signal interface (On/Off is open collector/drain logic input; Signal referenced to GND - See feature description section)						
Input High Voltage (Module ON)	All	V_{IH}	2	—	3.3	V
Input High Current	All	I_{IH}	—	—	100	μA
Input Low Voltage (Module OFF)	All	V_{IL}	-0.2	—	0.8	V
Input Low Current	All	I_{IL}	—	—	500	μA
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times ($I_o=I_{o,max}$, $V_{IN}=V_{IN,nom}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$,)						
Case 1: On/Off input is set to Logic Low (Module ON) and then input power is applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN}=V_{IN,min}$ until $V_o=10\%$ of $V_{o,set}$)	All	Tdelay	—	90	—	msec
Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and then the On/Off input is set to logic Low (delay from instant at which $V_{on/Off}=0.3\text{V}$ until $V_o=10\%$ of $V_{o, set}$)	All	Tdelay	—	50	—	msec
Output voltage Rise slew rate	All	dv/dt_{rise}	—	0.333	0.4	V/msec
Output voltage overshoot - Startup $I_o=I_{o,max}$; $V_{IN}=18$ to 85Vdc, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$				—	5	% $V_{o, set}$
Over Temperature Protection (See Thermal Considerations section)	All	T_{ref}	—	120	—	$^\circ\text{C}$
Input Undervoltage Lockout						
Turn-on Threshold	All				18	V
Turn-off Threshold	All		15			V
PGOOD (Power Good) Signal Interface Open Drain, $V_{supply} \leq 5\text{VDC}$						
Overshoot threshold for PGOOD	All			112.5		% $V_{O, set}$
Undervoltage threshold for PGOOD	All			87.5		% $V_{O, set}$

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Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the JRCS011 at 24Vo and 25oC.

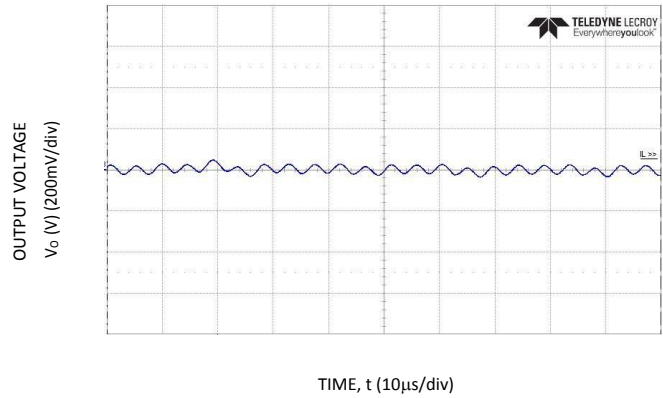
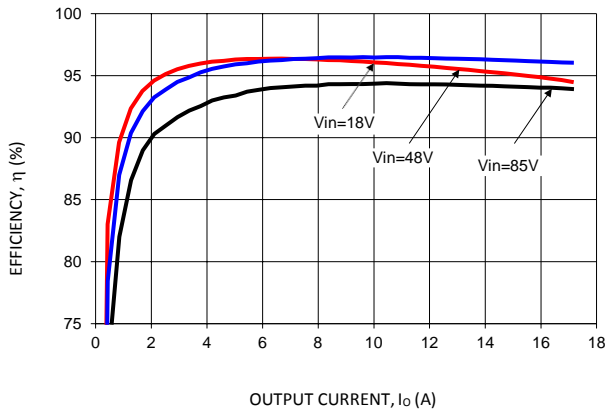


Figure 1. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current for $V_{out} = 24V$. Figure 2. Typical output ripple and noise for $V_{out} = 24V$. Input voltage = 48V, $C_{out} = 330 \mu F$ electrolytic + $15 \times 2.2 \mu F$ ceramic.

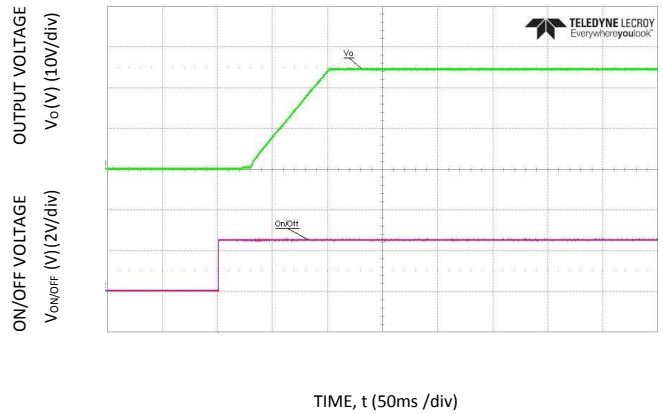
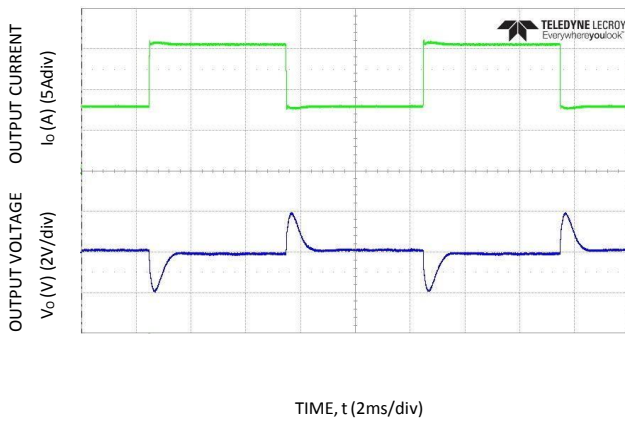


Figure 3. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% at 48Vin, $C_{OUT} = 330 \mu F$ electrolytic + $15 \times 2.2 \mu F$ ceramic.

Figure 4. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($V_{IN} = 48V$, $I_o = I_{o,max}$).

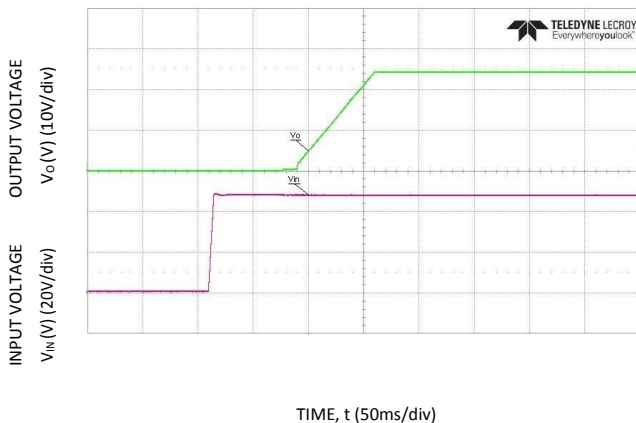


Figure 5. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 48V$, $I_o = I_{o,max}$).

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Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the JRCS011 at 48V_o and 25°C.

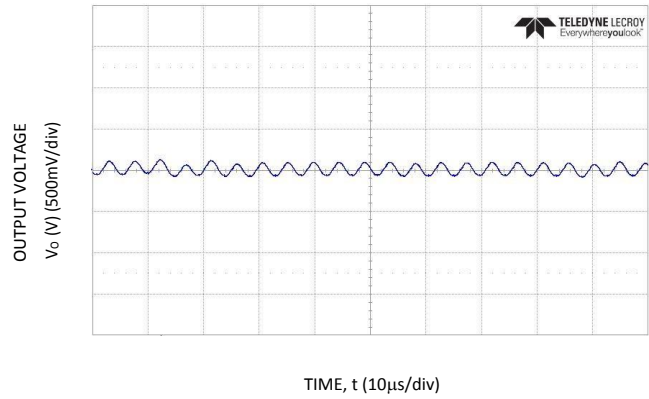
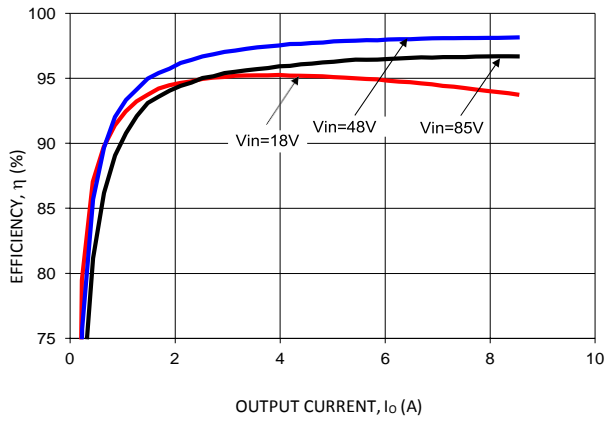


Figure 6. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current for V_{out} = 48V. **Figure 7. Typical output ripple and noise for V_{out} = 48V. Input voltage = 74V, C_{OUT} = 330 µF electrolytic + 15 x 2.2 µF ceramic.**

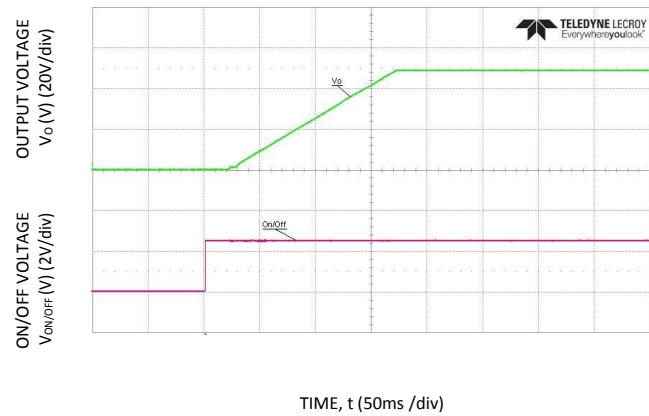
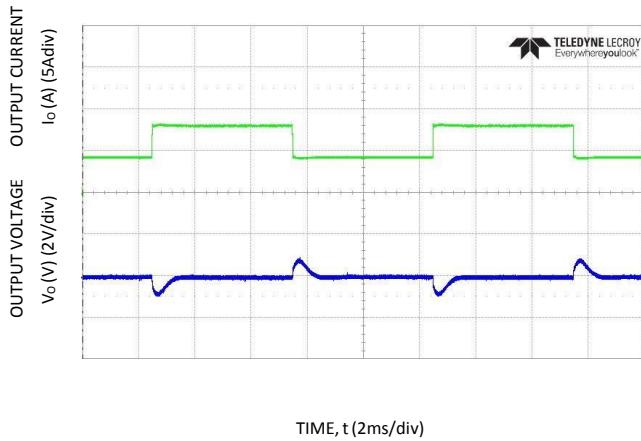


Figure 8. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% at 74Vin, C_{OUT} = 330 µF electrolytic + 15 x 2.2 µF ceramic. **Figure 9. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (V_{IN}=74V, I_o = I_{o,max}).**

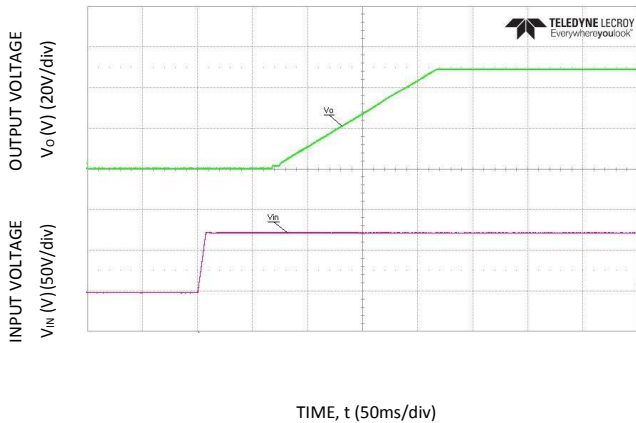


Figure 10. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 74V, I_o = I_{o,max}).

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Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the JRCS011 at 60V_o and 25°C.

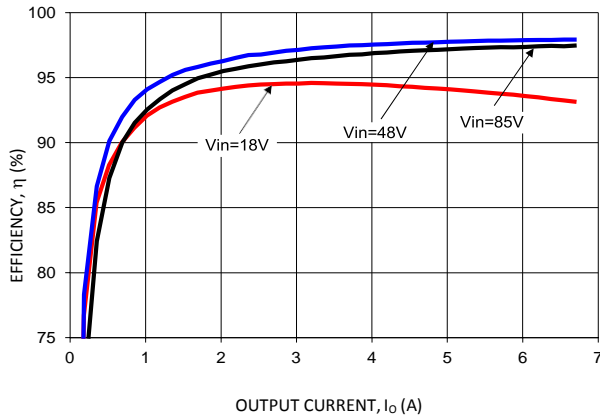


Figure 11. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current for V_{out} = 60V.

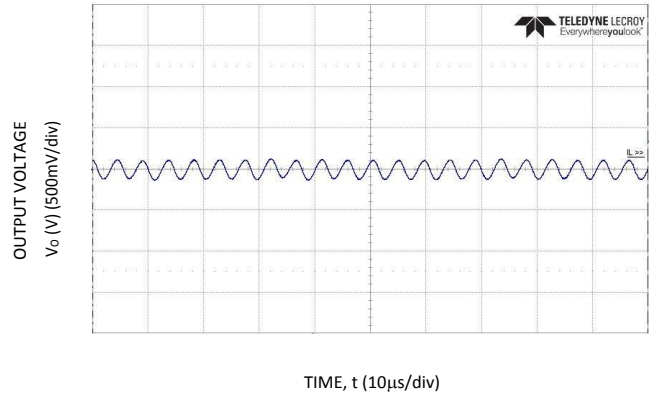


Figure 12. Typical output ripple and noise for V_{out} = 60V. Input voltage = 48V, C_{OUT} = 330µF electrolytic + 15 x 2.2µF ceramic.

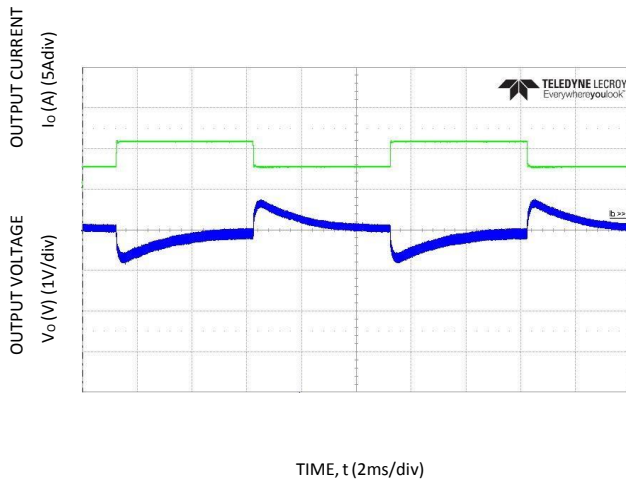


Figure 13. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% at 48Vin, C_{out} = 330µF electrolytic + 15 x 2.2µF ceramic.



Figure 14. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (V_{IN} = 48V, I_o = I_{o,max}).

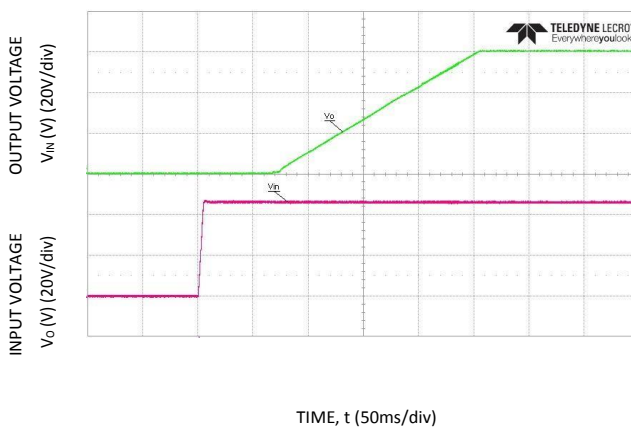


Figure 15. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 48V, I_o = I_{o,max}).

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The following figures provide typical thermal derating for the JRCS011 at various input and output voltages.

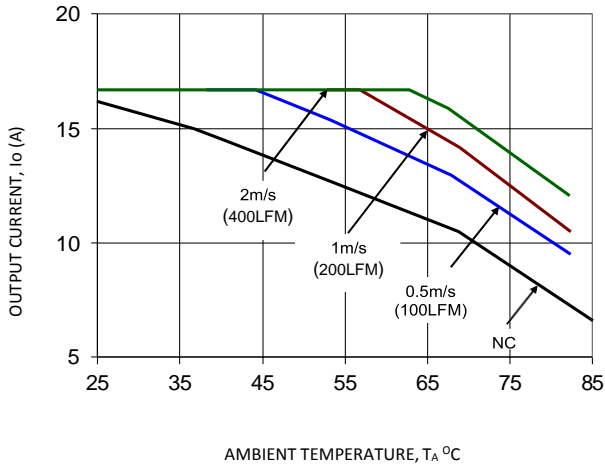


Figure 16. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=48V$, $V_{out}=24V$

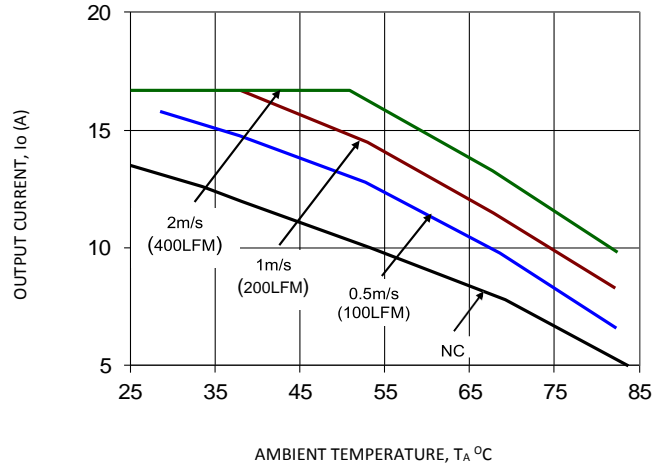


Figure 17. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=74V$, $V_{out}=24V$

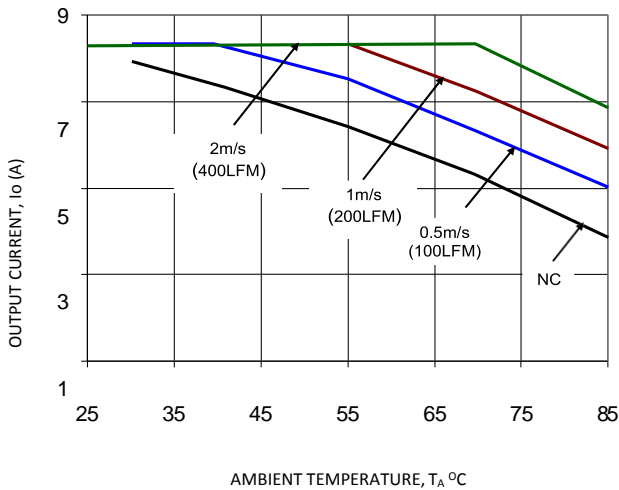


Figure 18. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=24V$, $V_{out}=48V$

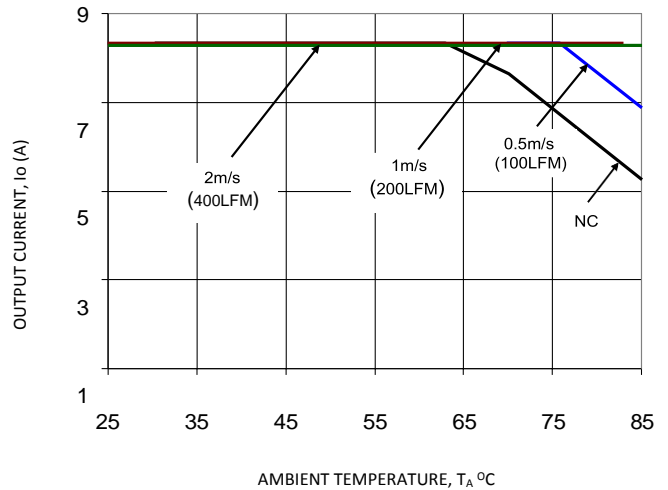


Figure 19. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=74V$, $V_{out}=48V$

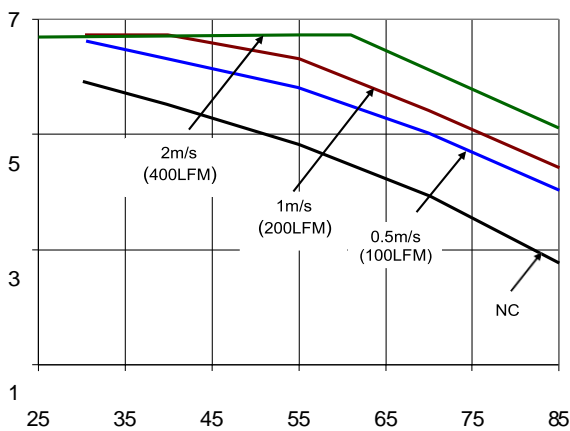


Figure 20. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=24V$, $V_{out}=60V$

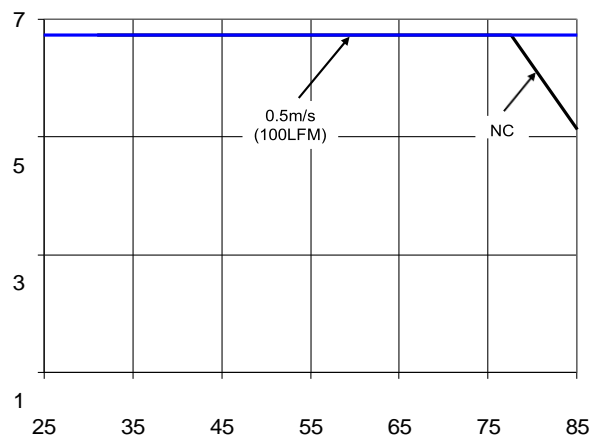


Figure 21. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=48V$, $V_{out}=60V$

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

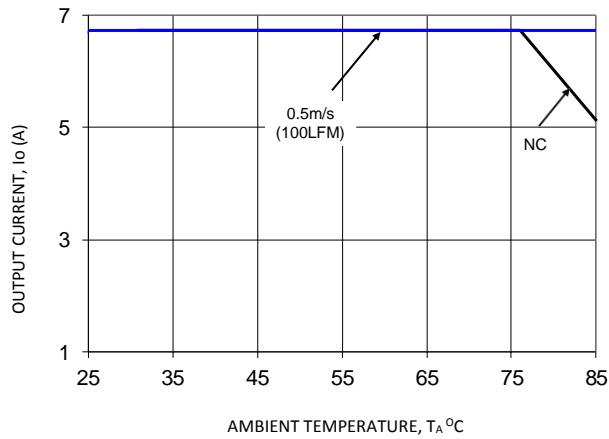
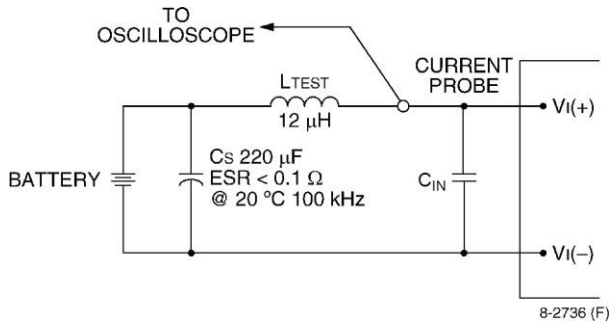


Figure 22. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow for $V_{in}=74V$, $V_{out}=60V$

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

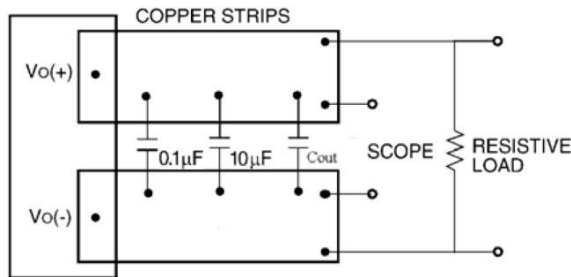
18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Test Configurations



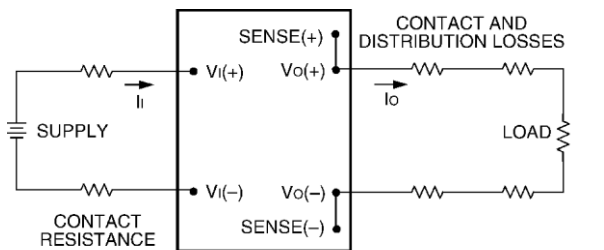
Note: Measure the input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source inductance (LTEST) of 12 μH. Capacitor CS offsets possible battery impedance. Measure the current, as shown above.

Figure 23. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.



Note: Use a Cout (470 μF Low ESR aluminum or tantalum capacitor typical), a 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor and a 10 μF ceramic capacitor, and Scope measurement should be made using a BNC socket. Position the load between 51 mm and 76 mm (2 in. and 3 in.) from the module.

Figure 24. Output Voltage and Noise Test Setup.



Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals. When socketing, place Kelvin connections at module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

$$\eta = \left(\frac{[V_{O(+)} - V_{O(-)}] I_O}{[V_{I(+)} - V_{I(-)}] I_I} \right) \times 100 \%$$

Figure 25. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

Design Considerations

Input Filtering

The JRCS016 module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability. To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors or low-ESR electrolytic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module.

Output Filtering

These modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 3 x 10μF ceramic capacitors in parallel with a 330μF capacitor at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR electrolytic and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL 60950-1 2nd, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, DIN EN 60950-1:2006 + A11 (VDE0805 Teil 1 + A11):2009-11; EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009-03.

For the converter output to be considered meeting the requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV), the input must meet SELV requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The input to these units is to be provided with a slow-blow fuse with a maximum rating of TBD A in the positive input lead.

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Feature Descriptions

Remote On/Off

The JRCS016 power modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation with positive logic. Positive Logic On/Off signal turns the module ON during a logic High on the On/Off pin and turns the module OFF during a logic Low.

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is 17*24 equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range. The current limit threshold is variable ranging from 16.7 A at 18.5V to 24V out to 6.67A at 60Vout.

Input Undervoltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, module operation is disabled. The module begins to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

Overtemperature Protection

To provide over temperature protection in a fault condition, the unit shuts down if the thermal reference point T_{ref} exceeds 120°C. The module automatically restarts after it cools down.

Analog Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the JRCS016 can be set over the 18.5V to 60V range by connecting a resistor R_{trim} between the TRIM and VO(-) pins as shown in Fig. 26. The output voltage will be set according to the following equation relating it to the value of R_{trim} :

$$R_{trim} = \left[\frac{700 - (10 \times V_o)}{(V_o - 4)} \right] k\Omega$$

If no external trim resistor is connected, the output voltage will be set at 18.5. Table 1 provides R_{trim} values required for some common output voltages.

Remote Sense

The JRCS016 modules have a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the Remote Sense pins. The voltage between the VO(+) and +SEN pins should not exceed 1V.

Table 1

$V_{o, set}$ (V)	R_{trim} (k Ω)
18.5	35.51
20	31.25
24	23.0
28	17.5
32	13.571
36	10.625
48	5.0
52	3.75
54	3.2
60	1.786

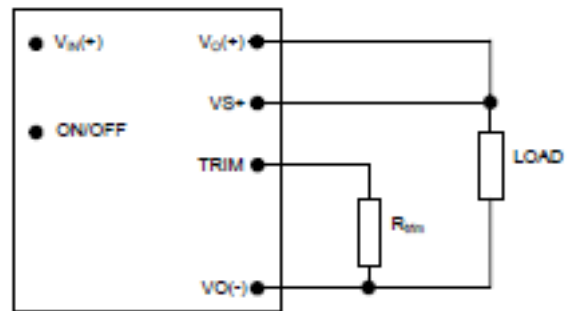


Figure 26. Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor.

Power Good

The JRCS016 modules have a Power Good (PGOOD) signal that is implemented with an open-drain output to indicate that the output voltage is within the regulation limits of the power module. The PGOOD signal will be de-asserted to a low state if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going $\pm 10\%$ outside the setpoint value. The PGOOD terminal can be connected through a pullup resistor (suggested value 100k Ω) to a source of TBD VDC or lower.

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Digital Feature Descriptions

PMBus Interface Capability

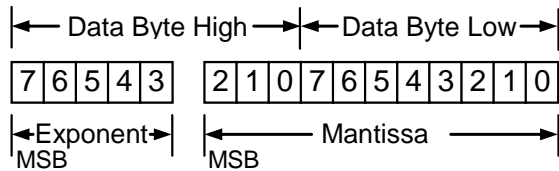
The JRCS016 power modules have a PMBus interface that supports both communication and control. The PMBus Power Management Protocol Specification can be obtained from www.pmbus.org. The modules support a subset of version 1.1 of the specification (see Table 6 for a list of the specific commands supported). Most module parameters can be programmed using PMBus and stored as defaults for later use.

All communication over the module PMBus interface must support the Packet Error Checking (PEC) scheme. The PMBus master must generate the correct PEC byte for all transactions and check the PEC byte returned by the module.

The module has non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings. Not all settings programmed into the device are automatically saved into this non-volatile memory, only those specifically identified as capable of being stored can be saved (see Table 6 for which command parameters can be saved to non-volatile storage).

PMBus Data Format

For commands that set thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the “Linear” data format among the three data formats supported by PMBus. The Linear Data Format is a two byte value with an 11-bit, two’s complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two’s complement exponent. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value of the number is then given by

$$\text{Value} = \text{Mantissa} \times 2^{\text{Exponent}}$$

PMBus Addressing

The power module can be addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The module has a fixed address 0x20, the address cannot be changed.

PMBus Commands

Table 6

Hex Code	Command	Brief Description	Non-Volatile Memory Storage																																				
03	CLEAR_FAULTS	Clear any fault bits that may have been set, also releases the SMBALERT# signal if the device has been asserting it.																																					
11	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Copies all current register settings in the module into non-volatile memory (EEPROM) on the module. Takes about 50ms for the command to execute.																																					
12	RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Restores all current register settings in the module from values in the module non-volatile memory (EEPROM)																																					
20	VOUT_MODE	<p>The module has MODE set to Linear and Exponent set to -8. These values cannot be changed</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit Position</th> <th>7</th> <th>6</th> <th>5</th> <th>4</th> <th>3</th> <th>2</th> <th>1</th> <th>0</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> <td>r</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="3">Mode</td> <td colspan="5">Exponent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	Function	Mode			Exponent					Default Value	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																															
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r																															
Function	Mode			Exponent																																			
Default Value	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0																															

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

35	VIN_ON	Sets the value of input voltage at which the module turns on							YES		
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary								
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Function	Exponent			Mantissa					
		Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	0		0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		r/w	r/w
		Function	Mantissa								
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	0		0	0
36	VIN_OFF	Sets the value of input voltage at which the module turns off							YES		
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary								
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Function	Exponent			Mantissa					
		Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	0		0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		r/w	r/w
		Function	Mantissa								
		Default Value	0	1	1	1	1	0		0	0
55	VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Sets the voltage level for an input overvoltage fault.							YES		
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary								
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Function	Exponent			Mantissa					
		Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	0		1	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		r/w	r/w
		Function	Mantissa								
		Default Value	1	1	0	0	1	0		0	0
79	STATUS_WORD	Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions									
		Format	Unsigned Binary								
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Flag	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Flag	X	X	X	X	X	TEMP		CML	OTHE R
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
7E	STATUS_CML	Returns one byte of information with the status of the module's communication related faults									
		Format	Unsigned Binary								
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r		r	r
		Flag	Invalid Command	Invalid Data	PEC Fail	X	X	X		Other Comm Fault	X
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

88	READ_VIN	Returns the value of the input voltage applied to the module								
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Exponent				Mantissa			
		Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8B	READ_VOUT	Returns the value of the output voltage of the module. Exponent is fixed at -8.								
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8C	READ_IOUT	Returns the value of the output current of the module								
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Exponent				Mantissa			
		Default Value	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8D	READ_TEMP_1	Returns the value of the temperature sensor 1 of the module								
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Exponent				Mantissa			
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8E	READ_TEMP_2	Returns the value of the temperature sensor 2 of the module								
		Format	Linear, two's complement binary							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Exponent				Mantissa			
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
		Function	Mantissa							
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

98	PMBUS_REVISION	<p>Returns one byte indicating the module is compliant to PMBus Spec. 1.1 (read only)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 427 1225 544"> <tr> <td>Format</td> <td colspan="8">Unsigned Binary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td> </tr> </table>	Format	Unsigned Binary								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1																																														
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Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																												
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r																																																																												
Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1																																																																												
D1	VOUT_CAL_GAIN	<p>Applies a gain correction to the READ_VOUT command results to calibrate out gain errors in module measurements of the output voltage</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 669 1225 994"> <tr> <td>Format</td> <td colspan="8">Linear, two's complement binary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> </table>	Format	Linear, two's complement binary								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								YES
Format	Linear, two's complement binary																																																																																			
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Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w																																																																												
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Function	Mantissa																																																																																			
Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration																																																																																			
D2	VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	<p>Applies an offset to the READ_VOUT command results to calibrate out offset errors in module measurements of the output voltage. Exponent is fixed at -8.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 1077 1225 1335"> <tr> <td>Format</td> <td colspan="8">Linear, two's complement binary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> </table>	Format	Linear, two's complement binary								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								YES
Format	Linear, two's complement binary																																																																																			
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Function	Mantissa																																																																																			
Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration																																																																																			
D3	VIN_CAL_GAIN	<p>Returns the value of the gain correction term used to correct the measured input voltage.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 1395 1225 1664"> <tr> <td>Format</td> <td colspan="8">Linear, two's complement binary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> </table>	Format	Linear, two's complement binary								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration								YES
Format	Linear, two's complement binary																																																																																			
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																																																																												
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Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w																																																																												
Function	Mantissa																																																																																			
Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration																																																																																			
D4	VIN_CAL_OFFSET	<p>Returns the value of the offset correction term used to correct the measured input voltage.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 1727 1225 1989"> <tr> <td>Format</td> <td colspan="8">Linear, two's complement binary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="4">Exponent</td> <td colspan="4">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bit Position</td> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access</td> <td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td><td>r/w</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Function</td> <td colspan="8">Mantissa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Value</td> <td colspan="8">V: Variable based on factory calibration</td> </tr> </table>	Format	Linear, two's complement binary								Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Exponent				Mantissa				Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	V			Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	Function	Mantissa								Default Value	V: Variable based on factory calibration								YES
Format	Linear, two's complement binary																																																																																			
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Default Value	V: Variable based on factory calibration																																																																																			

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

D6	IOUT_CAL_GAIN	Returns the value of the gain correction term used to correct the measured output current	YES	
		Format		Linear, two's complement binary
		Bit Position		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
		Access		r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w
		Function		Mantissa
		Default Value		Variable based on factory calibration
		Bit Position		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
		Access		r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w
		Function		Mantissa
Default Value	Variable based on factory calibration			
D7	IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Returns the value of the offset correction term used to correct the measured output current	YES	
		Format		Linear, two's complement binary
		Bit Position		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
		Access		r r r r r r/w r/w r/w
		Function		Exponent Mantissa
		Default Value		1 1 1 0 0 V
		Bit Position		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
		Access		r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w r/w
		Function		Mantissa
Default Value	V: Variable based on factory calibration			
DB	FW_REV	Returns the firmware version in format of "0xMj.Mn.Bh.Bl"		

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Thermal Considerations

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 27. The preferred airflow direction for the module is in Figure 28.

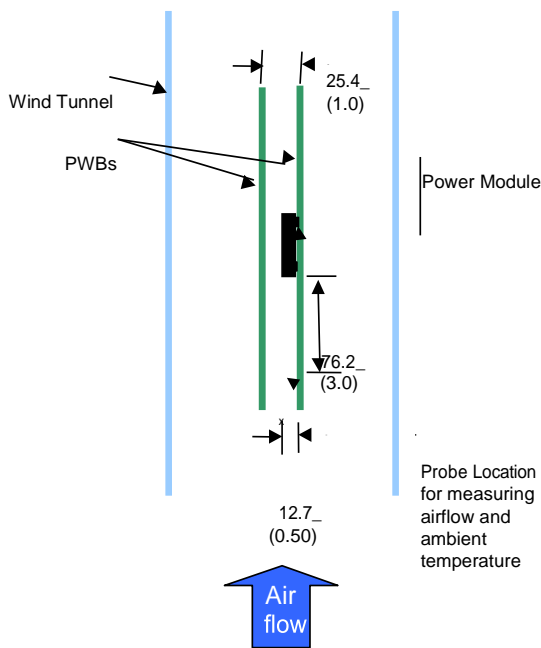


Figure 27. Thermal Test Setup.

The thermal reference points, T_{ref1} and T_{ref2} used in the specifications are also shown in Figure 28. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 98°C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module ($V_{o,set} \times I_{o,max}$).

Please refer to the Application Note “Thermal Characterization Process for Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules” for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

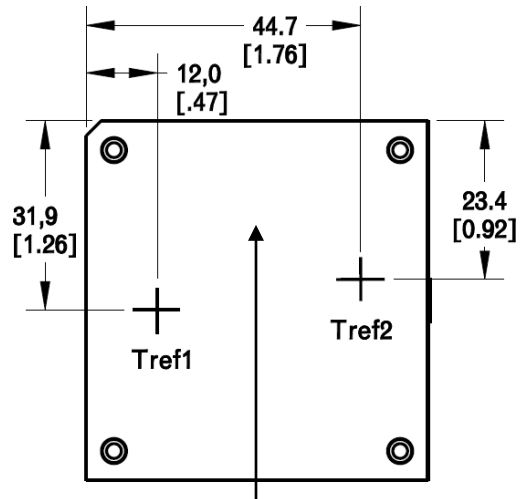


Figure 28. Location of hot-spots of the module (T_{ref1} and T_{ref2}).

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Layout Considerations

The JRCS016 power module series are constructed using a single PWB with integral base plate; as such, component clearance between the bottom of the power module and the mounting (Host) board is limited. Avoid placing copper areas on the outer layer directly underneath the power module.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to GE *Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning* Application Note.

Through-Hole Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant through-hole products use the SAC (Sn/Ag/Cu) Pb-free solder and RoHS-compliant components. They are designed to be processed through single or dual wave soldering machines. The pins have an RoHS-compliant finish that is compatible with both Pb and Pb-free wave soldering processes. A maximum preheat rate of 3°C/s is suggested. The wave preheat process should be such that the temperature of the power module board is kept below 210°C. For Pb solder, the recommended pot temperature is 260°C, while the Pb-free solder pot is 270°C max. The JRCS016 cannot be processed with paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process. If additional information is needed, please consult with your GE representative for more details.

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

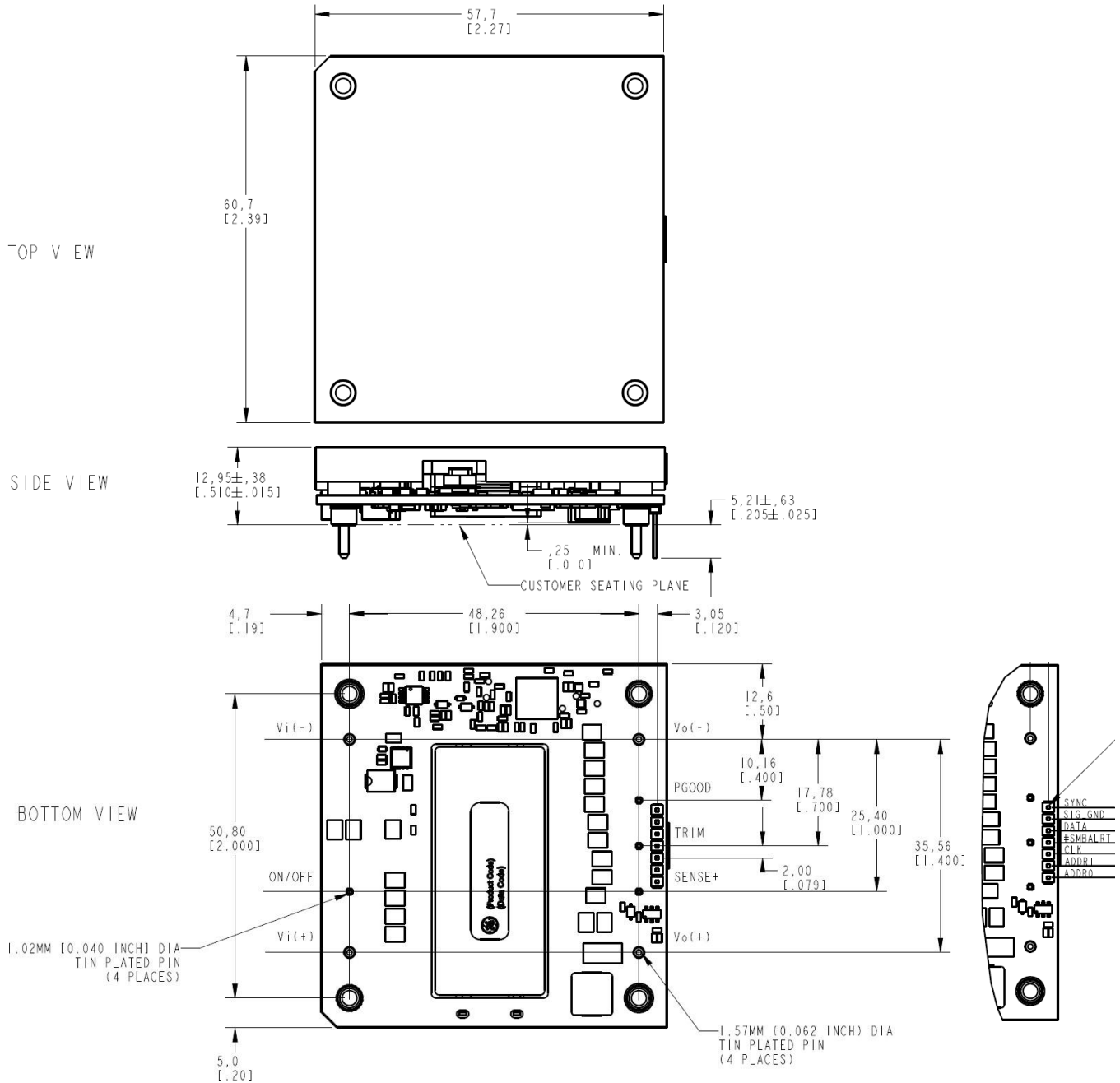
18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Mechanical Outline

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]



PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	VI(+)	6	TRIM	11	DATA
2	ON/OFF	7	+SEN	12	#SMBALRT
3	VI(-)	8	VO(+)	13	CLK
4	Vo(-)	9	SYNC	14	ADDR1
5	PGOOD	10	SIG_GND	15	ADDR0

Note: Pins 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 can be NC when modules do not have the PMBus function.

JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

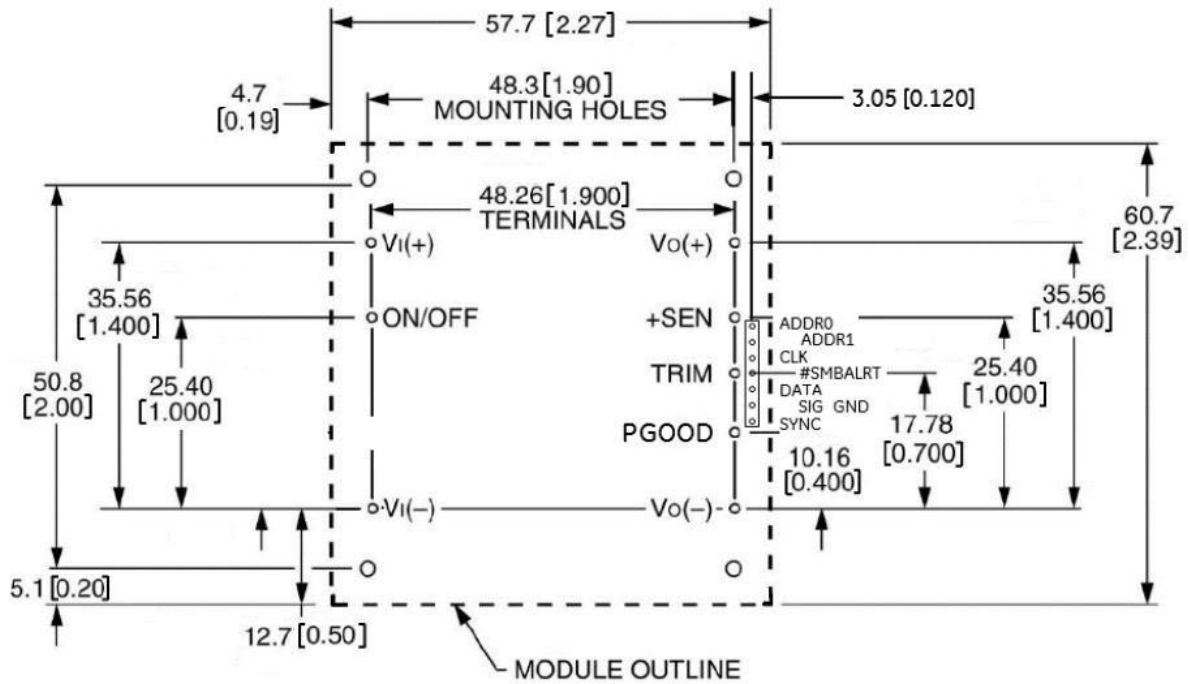
18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Recommended Pad Layout for Through Hole Module

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]



JRCS016: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

18Vdc-85Vdc input 18.5Vdc to 60Vdc output: 400W Max. Output

Product Matrix

Device Code	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current	On/Off Logic	Comcode
JRCS016A0S4-HZ	18 - 85Vdc	18.5 to 60V	16.7A to 6.7A	Positive	1600130338A
JRCS016A0S64-HZ	18 - 85Vdc	18.5 to 60V	16.7A to 6.7A	Positive	150038175

Device Description

	Characteristic	Character and Position	Definition
Ratings	Form Factor	J	J = Half Brick
	Family Designator	RC	
	Input Voltage*	S	S = Special Range 18V-85V
	Output Current*	016A0	016A0 = 016.0 Amps Maximum Output Current
	Output Voltage*	U	U = 48.0V nominal
Options	Pin Length	8 6 5	Omit = Default Pin Length shown in Mechanical Outline Figures 8 = Pin Length: 2.79 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.110 in. ± 0.010 in.) 6 = Pin Length: 3.68 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.145 in. ± 0.010 in.) 5 = Pin Length: 6.35 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.250 in. ± 0.010 in.)
	Action following Protective Shutdown*	4	Omit - Latching Mode 4 = Auto-restart following shutdown (Overcurrent/Overvoltage)
	On/Off Logic (i)	1	Omit = Positive Logic, Remote on/off pin referenced to Vin 1 = Negative Logic, Remote on/off pin referenced to Vin
		—	
	Customer Specific	XY	XY = Customer Specific Modified Code, Omit for Standard Code
	Optional Features	P H	Omit = Standard open Frame Module P = Forced Droop Output for use in parallel applications H = Heat plate, for use with heat sinks or cold-walls (Must be ordered)
RoHS	Z	Z = RoHS 6/6 Compliant, Lead free	

-Z refers to RoHS compliant parts

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